

Formalization of the Data Encryption Standard¹

Hiroyuki Okazaki
Shinshu University
Nagano, Japan

Yasunari Shidama
Shinshu University
Nagano, Japan

Summary. In this article we formalize DES (the Data Encryption Standard), that was the most widely used symmetric cryptosystem in the world. DES is a block cipher which was selected by the National Bureau of Standards as an official Federal Information Processing Standard for the United States in 1976 [15].

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The papers [14], [5], [12], [1], [16], [4], [6], [18], [11], [7], [8], [17], [20], [2], [3], [9], [21], [22], [13], [19], and [10] provide the terminology and notation for this paper.

1. PRELIMINARIES

Let n be a natural number and let f be an n -element finite sequence. Note that $\text{Rev}(f)$ is n -element.

Let D be a non empty set, let n be a natural number, and let f be an element of D^n . Then $\text{Rev}(f)$ is an element of D^n .

Let n be a natural number and let f be a finite sequence. We introduce $\text{Op-Left}(f, n)$ as a synonym of $f \upharpoonright n$. We introduce $\text{Op-Right}(f, n)$ as a synonym of $f \downharpoonright n$.

Let D be a non empty set, let n be a natural number, and let f be a finite sequence of elements of D . Then $\text{Op-Left}(f, n)$ is a finite sequence of elements of D . Then $\text{Op-Right}(f, n)$ is a finite sequence of elements of D .

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Let D be a non empty set, let n be a natural number, and let s be an element of D^{2^n} . We introduce SP-Left s as a synonym of Op-Left(s, n). We introduce SP-Right s as a synonym of Op-Right(s, n).

Let D be a non empty set, let n be a natural number, and let s be an element of D^{2^n} . Then SP-Left s is an element of D^n .

One can prove the following propositions:

- (1) For all non empty elements m, n of \mathbb{N} and for every element s of D^n such that $m \leq n$ holds Op-Left(s, m) is an element of D^m .
- (2) Let m, n, l be non empty elements of \mathbb{N} and s be an element of D^n . If $m \leq n$ and $l = n - m$, then Op-Right(s, m) is an element of D^l .

Let D be a non empty set, let n be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} , and let s be an element of D^{2^n} . Then SP-Right s is an element of D^n .

Next we state the proposition

- (3) For every non empty element n of \mathbb{N} and for every element s of D^{2^n} holds (SP-Left s) \wedge SP-Right $s = s$.

Let s be a finite sequence. The functor Op-LeftShift s yielding a finite sequence is defined by:

(Def. 1) Op-LeftShift $s = (s_{|1}) \wedge \langle s(1) \rangle$.

Next we state three propositions:

- (4) For every finite sequence s such that $1 \leq \text{len } s$ holds $\text{len Op-LeftShift } s = \text{len } s$.
- (5) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then Op-LeftShift s is a finite sequence of elements of D and $\text{len Op-LeftShift } s = \text{len } s$.
- (6) For every non empty element n of \mathbb{N} and for every element s of D^n holds Op-LeftShift s is an element of D^n .

Let s be a finite sequence. The functor Op-RightShift s yields a finite sequence and is defined by:

(Def. 2) Op-RightShift $s = (\langle s(\text{len } s) \rangle \wedge s) \upharpoonright \text{len } s$.

One can prove the following three propositions:

- (7) For every finite sequence s holds $\text{len Op-RightShift } s = \text{len } s$.
- (8) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then Op-RightShift s is a finite sequence of elements of D and $\text{len Op-RightShift } s = \text{len } s$.
- (9) For every non empty element n of \mathbb{N} and for every element s of D^n holds Op-RightShift s is an element of D^n .

Let D be a non empty set, let s be a finite sequence of elements of D , and let n be an integer. Let us assume that $1 \leq \text{len } s$. The functor Op-Shift(s, n) yields a finite sequence of elements of D and is defined by:

(Def. 3) $\text{len Op-Shift}(s, n) = \text{len } s$ and for every natural number i such that $i \in \text{Seg len } s$ holds $(\text{Op-Shift}(s, n))(i) = s(((i - 1) + n) \bmod \text{len } s + 1)$.

The following propositions are true:

- (10) For all integers n, m such that $1 \leq \text{len } s$ holds $\text{Op-Shift}(\text{Op-Shift}(s, n), m) = \text{Op-Shift}(s, n + m)$.
- (11) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, 0) = s$.
- (12) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, \text{len } s) = s$.
- (13) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, -\text{len } s) = s$.
- (14) Let n be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} , m be an integer, and s be an element of D^n . Then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, m)$ is an element of D^n .
- (15) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, -1) = \text{Op-RightShift } s$.
- (16) If $1 \leq \text{len } s$, then $\text{Op-Shift}(s, 1) = \text{Op-LeftShift } s$.

Let x, y be elements of Boolean^{28} . Then $x \wedge y$ is an element of Boolean^{56} .

Let n be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} , let s be an element of Boolean^n , and let i be a natural number. Then $s(i)$ is an element of Boolean .

Let n be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} , let s be an element of \mathbb{N}^n , and let i be a natural number. Then $s(i)$ is an element of \mathbb{N} .

Let n be a natural number. Observe that every element of Boolean^n is boolean-valued.

Let n be an element of \mathbb{N} and let s, t be elements of Boolean^n . We introduce $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$ as a synonym of $s \oplus t$.

Let n be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} and let s, t be elements of Boolean^n . Then $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$ is an element of Boolean^n and it can be characterized by the condition:

- (Def. 4) For every natural number i such that $i \in \text{Seg } n$ holds $(\text{Op-XOR}(s, t))(i) = s(i) \oplus t(i)$.

Let us notice that the functor $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$ is commutative.

Let n, k be non empty elements of \mathbb{N} , let R_1 be an element of $(\text{Boolean}^n)^k$, and let i be an element of $\text{Seg } k$. Then $R_1(i)$ is an element of Boolean^n .

We now state the proposition

- (17) For every non empty element n of \mathbb{N} and for all elements s, t of Boolean^n holds $\text{Op-XOR}(\text{Op-XOR}(s, t), t) = s$.

Let m be a non empty element of \mathbb{N} , let D be a non empty set, let L be a sequence of D^m , and let i be a natural number. Then $L(i)$ is an element of D^m .

Let f be a function from 64 into 16 and let i be a set. Then $f(i)$ is an element of 16.

Next we state the proposition

- (18) For all natural numbers n, m such that $n + m \leq \text{len } s$ holds $(s \upharpoonright n) \wedge (s \upharpoonright n \upharpoonright m) = s \upharpoonright (n + m)$.

The scheme *QuadChoiceRec* deals with non empty sets $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}$, an element \mathcal{E} of \mathcal{A} , an element \mathcal{F} of \mathcal{B} , an element \mathcal{G} of \mathcal{C} , an element \mathcal{H} of \mathcal{D} , and a 9-ary predicate \mathcal{P} , and states that:

There exists a function f from \mathbb{N} into \mathcal{A} and there exists a function g from \mathbb{N} into \mathcal{B} and there exists a function h from \mathbb{N} into \mathcal{C} and there exists a function i from \mathbb{N} into \mathcal{D} such that $f(0) = \mathcal{E}$ and $g(0) = \mathcal{F}$ and $h(0) = \mathcal{G}$ and $i(0) = \mathcal{H}$ and for every element n of \mathbb{N} holds $\mathcal{P}[n, f(n), g(n), h(n), i(n), f(n+1), g(n+1), h(n+1), i(n+1))]$ provided the following condition is satisfied:

- Let n be an element of \mathbb{N} , x be an element of \mathcal{A} , y be an element of \mathcal{B} , z be an element of \mathcal{C} , and w be an element of \mathcal{D} . Then there exists an element x_1 of \mathcal{A} and there exists an element y_1 of \mathcal{B} and there exists an element z_1 of \mathcal{C} and there exists an element w_1 of \mathcal{D} such that $\mathcal{P}[n, x, y, z, w, x_1, y_1, z_1, w_1]$.

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (19) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in \text{Seg } 16$. Then $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$.
- (20) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in \text{Seg } 32$. Then $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$ or $x = 17$ or $x = 18$ or $x = 19$ or $x = 20$ or $x = 21$ or $x = 22$ or $x = 23$ or $x = 24$ or $x = 25$ or $x = 26$ or $x = 27$ or $x = 28$ or $x = 29$ or $x = 30$ or $x = 31$ or $x = 32$.
- (21) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in \text{Seg } 48$. Then $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$ or $x = 17$ or $x = 18$ or $x = 19$ or $x = 20$ or $x = 21$ or $x = 22$ or $x = 23$ or $x = 24$ or $x = 25$ or $x = 26$ or $x = 27$ or $x = 28$ or $x = 29$ or $x = 30$ or $x = 31$ or $x = 32$ or $x = 33$ or $x = 34$ or $x = 35$ or $x = 36$ or $x = 37$ or $x = 38$ or $x = 39$ or $x = 40$ or $x = 41$ or $x = 42$ or $x = 43$ or $x = 44$ or $x = 45$ or $x = 46$ or $x = 47$ or $x = 48$.
- (22) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in \text{Seg } 56$. Then $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$ or $x = 17$ or $x = 18$ or $x = 19$ or $x = 20$ or $x = 21$ or $x = 22$ or $x = 23$ or $x = 24$ or $x = 25$ or $x = 26$ or $x = 27$ or $x = 28$ or $x = 29$ or $x = 30$ or $x = 31$ or $x = 32$ or $x = 33$ or $x = 34$ or $x = 35$ or $x = 36$ or $x = 37$ or $x = 38$ or $x = 39$ or $x = 40$ or $x = 41$ or $x = 42$ or $x = 43$ or $x = 44$ or $x = 45$ or $x = 46$ or $x = 47$ or $x = 48$ or $x = 49$ or $x = 50$ or $x = 51$ or $x = 52$ or $x = 53$ or $x = 54$ or $x = 55$ or $x = 56$.
- (23) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in \text{Seg } 64$. Then $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$ or $x = 17$ or $x = 18$ or $x = 19$ or $x = 20$ or $x = 21$ or $x = 22$ or $x = 23$ or $x = 24$ or $x = 25$ or

$x = 26$ or $x = 27$ or $x = 28$ or $x = 29$ or $x = 30$ or $x = 31$ or $x = 32$ or
 $x = 33$ or $x = 34$ or $x = 35$ or $x = 36$ or $x = 37$ or $x = 38$ or $x = 39$ or
 $x = 40$ or $x = 41$ or $x = 42$ or $x = 43$ or $x = 44$ or $x = 45$ or $x = 46$ or
 $x = 47$ or $x = 48$ or $x = 49$ or $x = 50$ or $x = 51$ or $x = 52$ or $x = 53$ or
 $x = 54$ or $x = 55$ or $x = 56$ or $x = 57$ or $x = 58$ or $x = 59$ or $x = 60$ or
 $x = 61$ or $x = 62$ or $x = 63$ or $x = 64$.

- (24) For every non empty natural number n holds $n = \{0\} \cup (\text{Seg } n \setminus \{n\})$.
- (25) For every non empty natural number n and for every set x such that $x \in n$ holds $x = 0$ or $x \in \text{Seg } n$ and $x \neq n$.
- (26) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in 16$. Then $x = 0$ or $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$.
- (27) Let x be a set. Suppose $x \in 64$. Then $x = 0$ or $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ or $x = 3$ or $x = 4$ or $x = 5$ or $x = 6$ or $x = 7$ or $x = 8$ or $x = 9$ or $x = 10$ or $x = 11$ or $x = 12$ or $x = 13$ or $x = 14$ or $x = 15$ or $x = 16$ or $x = 17$ or $x = 18$ or $x = 19$ or $x = 20$ or $x = 21$ or $x = 22$ or $x = 23$ or $x = 24$ or $x = 25$ or $x = 26$ or $x = 27$ or $x = 28$ or $x = 29$ or $x = 30$ or $x = 31$ or $x = 32$ or $x = 33$ or $x = 34$ or $x = 35$ or $x = 36$ or $x = 37$ or $x = 38$ or $x = 39$ or $x = 40$ or $x = 41$ or $x = 42$ or $x = 43$ or $x = 44$ or $x = 45$ or $x = 46$ or $x = 47$ or $x = 48$ or $x = 49$ or $x = 50$ or $x = 51$ or $x = 52$ or $x = 53$ or $x = 54$ or $x = 55$ or $x = 56$ or $x = 57$ or $x = 58$ or $x = 59$ or $x = 60$ or $x = 61$ or $x = 62$ or $x = 63$.
- (28) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that s is 8-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$ and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$.
- (29) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that s is 16-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$ and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$ and $s(9) = x_9$ and $s(10) = x_{10}$ and $s(11) = x_{11}$ and $s(12) = x_{12}$ and $s(13) = x_{13}$ and $s(14) = x_{14}$ and $s(15) = x_{15}$ and $s(16) = x_{16}$.
- (30) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that s is 32-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$ and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$ and $s(9) = x_9$ and $s(10) = x_{10}$ and $s(11) = x_{11}$ and $s(12) = x_{12}$ and $s(13) = x_{13}$ and $s(14) = x_{14}$ and $s(15) = x_{15}$ and $s(16) = x_{16}$ and $s(17) = x_{17}$

and $s(18) = x_{18}$ and $s(19) = x_{19}$ and $s(20) = x_{20}$ and $s(21) = x_{21}$
 and $s(22) = x_{22}$ and $s(23) = x_{23}$ and $s(24) = x_{24}$ and $s(25) = x_{25}$
 and $s(26) = x_{26}$ and $s(27) = x_{27}$ and $s(28) = x_{28}$ and $s(29) = x_{29}$ and
 $s(30) = x_{30}$ and $s(31) = x_{31}$ and $s(32) = x_{32}$.

- (31) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that

s is 48-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$
 and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$ and $s(9) = x_9$
 and $s(10) = x_{10}$ and $s(11) = x_{11}$ and $s(12) = x_{12}$ and $s(13) = x_{13}$
 and $s(14) = x_{14}$ and $s(15) = x_{15}$ and $s(16) = x_{16}$ and $s(17) = x_{17}$
 and $s(18) = x_{18}$ and $s(19) = x_{19}$ and $s(20) = x_{20}$ and $s(21) = x_{21}$
 and $s(22) = x_{22}$ and $s(23) = x_{23}$ and $s(24) = x_{24}$ and $s(25) = x_{25}$
 and $s(26) = x_{26}$ and $s(27) = x_{27}$ and $s(28) = x_{28}$ and $s(29) = x_{29}$
 and $s(30) = x_{30}$ and $s(31) = x_{31}$ and $s(32) = x_{32}$ and $s(33) = x_{33}$
 and $s(34) = x_{34}$ and $s(35) = x_{35}$ and $s(36) = x_{36}$ and $s(37) = x_{37}$
 and $s(38) = x_{38}$ and $s(39) = x_{39}$ and $s(40) = x_{40}$ and $s(41) = x_{41}$
 and $s(42) = x_{42}$ and $s(43) = x_{43}$ and $s(44) = x_{44}$ and $s(45) = x_{45}$ and
 $s(46) = x_{46}$ and $s(47) = x_{47}$ and $s(48) = x_{48}$.

- (32) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that

s is 56-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$
 and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$ and $s(9) = x_9$
 and $s(10) = x_{10}$ and $s(11) = x_{11}$ and $s(12) = x_{12}$ and $s(13) = x_{13}$
 and $s(14) = x_{14}$ and $s(15) = x_{15}$ and $s(16) = x_{16}$ and $s(17) = x_{17}$
 and $s(18) = x_{18}$ and $s(19) = x_{19}$ and $s(20) = x_{20}$ and $s(21) = x_{21}$
 and $s(22) = x_{22}$ and $s(23) = x_{23}$ and $s(24) = x_{24}$ and $s(25) = x_{25}$
 and $s(26) = x_{26}$ and $s(27) = x_{27}$ and $s(28) = x_{28}$ and $s(29) = x_{29}$
 and $s(30) = x_{30}$ and $s(31) = x_{31}$ and $s(32) = x_{32}$ and $s(33) = x_{33}$
 and $s(34) = x_{34}$ and $s(35) = x_{35}$ and $s(36) = x_{36}$ and $s(37) = x_{37}$
 and $s(38) = x_{38}$ and $s(39) = x_{39}$ and $s(40) = x_{40}$ and $s(41) = x_{41}$
 and $s(42) = x_{42}$ and $s(43) = x_{43}$ and $s(44) = x_{44}$ and $s(45) = x_{45}$
 and $s(46) = x_{46}$ and $s(47) = x_{47}$ and $s(48) = x_{48}$ and $s(49) = x_{49}$
 and $s(50) = x_{50}$ and $s(51) = x_{51}$ and $s(52) = x_{52}$ and $s(53) = x_{53}$ and
 $s(54) = x_{54}$ and $s(55) = x_{55}$ and $s(56) = x_{56}$.

- (33) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11},$

$x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}, x_{57}, x_{58}, x_{59}, x_{60}, x_{61}, x_{62}, x_{63}, x_{64}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a finite sequence s of elements of S such that

s is 64-element and $s(1) = x_1$ and $s(2) = x_2$ and $s(3) = x_3$ and $s(4) = x_4$ and $s(5) = x_5$ and $s(6) = x_6$ and $s(7) = x_7$ and $s(8) = x_8$ and $s(9) = x_9$ and $s(10) = x_{10}$ and $s(11) = x_{11}$ and $s(12) = x_{12}$ and $s(13) = x_{13}$ and $s(14) = x_{14}$ and $s(15) = x_{15}$ and $s(16) = x_{16}$ and $s(17) = x_{17}$ and $s(18) = x_{18}$ and $s(19) = x_{19}$ and $s(20) = x_{20}$ and $s(21) = x_{21}$ and $s(22) = x_{22}$ and $s(23) = x_{23}$ and $s(24) = x_{24}$ and $s(25) = x_{25}$ and $s(26) = x_{26}$ and $s(27) = x_{27}$ and $s(28) = x_{28}$ and $s(29) = x_{29}$ and $s(30) = x_{30}$ and $s(31) = x_{31}$ and $s(32) = x_{32}$ and $s(33) = x_{33}$ and $s(34) = x_{34}$ and $s(35) = x_{35}$ and $s(36) = x_{36}$ and $s(37) = x_{37}$ and $s(38) = x_{38}$ and $s(39) = x_{39}$ and $s(40) = x_{40}$ and $s(41) = x_{41}$ and $s(42) = x_{42}$ and $s(43) = x_{43}$ and $s(44) = x_{44}$ and $s(45) = x_{45}$ and $s(46) = x_{46}$ and $s(47) = x_{47}$ and $s(48) = x_{48}$ and $s(49) = x_{49}$ and $s(50) = x_{50}$ and $s(51) = x_{51}$ and $s(52) = x_{52}$ and $s(53) = x_{53}$ and $s(54) = x_{54}$ and $s(55) = x_{55}$ and $s(56) = x_{56}$ and $s(57) = x_{57}$ and $s(58) = x_{58}$ and $s(59) = x_{59}$ and $s(60) = x_{60}$ and $s(61) = x_{61}$ and $s(62) = x_{62}$ and $s(63) = x_{63}$ and $s(64) = x_{64}$.

Let n be a non empty natural number and let i be an element of n . We introduce $\text{ntoSeg } i$ as a synonym of $\text{succ } i$.

Let n be a non empty natural number and let i be an element of n . Then $\text{ntoSeg } i$ is an element of $\text{Seg } n$.

Let n be a non empty natural number and let f be a function from n into $\text{Seg } n$. We say that f is NtoSeg if and only if:

(Def. 5) For every element i of n holds $f(i) = \text{ntoSeg } i$.

Let n be a non empty natural number. One can check that there exists a function from n into $\text{Seg } n$ which is NtoSeg .

Let n be a non empty natural number. Observe that every function from n into $\text{Seg } n$ is bijective and NtoSeg .

We now state two propositions:

(34) Let n be a non empty natural number, f be an NtoSeg function from n into $\text{Seg } n$, and i be a natural number. If $i < n$, then $f(i) = i + 1$ and $i \in \text{dom } f$.

(35) Let S be a non empty set and $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}, x_{57}, x_{58}, x_{59}, x_{60}, x_{61}, x_{62}, x_{63}, x_{64}$ be elements of S . Then there exists a function f

from 64 into S such that

$f(0) = x_1$ and $f(1) = x_2$ and $f(2) = x_3$ and $f(3) = x_4$ and $f(4) = x_5$ and
 $f(5) = x_6$ and $f(6) = x_7$ and $f(7) = x_8$ and $f(8) = x_9$ and $f(9) = x_{10}$
and $f(10) = x_{11}$ and $f(11) = x_{12}$ and $f(12) = x_{13}$ and $f(13) = x_{14}$
and $f(14) = x_{15}$ and $f(15) = x_{16}$ and $f(16) = x_{17}$ and $f(17) = x_{18}$
and $f(18) = x_{19}$ and $f(19) = x_{20}$ and $f(20) = x_{21}$ and $f(21) = x_{22}$
and $f(22) = x_{23}$ and $f(23) = x_{24}$ and $f(24) = x_{25}$ and $f(25) = x_{26}$
and $f(26) = x_{27}$ and $f(27) = x_{28}$ and $f(28) = x_{29}$ and $f(29) = x_{30}$
and $f(30) = x_{31}$ and $f(31) = x_{32}$ and $f(32) = x_{33}$ and $f(33) = x_{34}$
and $f(34) = x_{35}$ and $f(35) = x_{36}$ and $f(36) = x_{37}$ and $f(37) = x_{38}$
and $f(38) = x_{39}$ and $f(39) = x_{40}$ and $f(40) = x_{41}$ and $f(41) = x_{42}$
and $f(42) = x_{43}$ and $f(43) = x_{44}$ and $f(44) = x_{45}$ and $f(45) = x_{46}$
and $f(46) = x_{47}$ and $f(47) = x_{48}$ and $f(48) = x_{49}$ and $f(49) = x_{50}$
and $f(50) = x_{51}$ and $f(51) = x_{52}$ and $f(52) = x_{53}$ and $f(53) = x_{54}$
and $f(54) = x_{55}$ and $f(55) = x_{56}$ and $f(56) = x_{57}$ and $f(57) = x_{58}$
and $f(58) = x_{59}$ and $f(59) = x_{60}$ and $f(60) = x_{61}$ and $f(61) = x_{62}$ and
 $f(62) = x_{63}$ and $f(63) = x_{64}$.

2. S-BOXES

The function DES-SBOX1 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 6).

(Def. 6) (DES-SBOX1)(0) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(1) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(2) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(3) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(4) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(5) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(6) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(7) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(8) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(9) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(10) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(11) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(12) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(13) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(14) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(15) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(16) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(17) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(18) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(19) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(20) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(21) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(22) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(23) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(24) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(25) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(26) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(27) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(28) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(29) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(30) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(31) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(32) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(33) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(34) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(35) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(36) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(37) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(38) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(39) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(40) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(41) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(42) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(43) = 7 and

(DES-SBOX1)(44) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(45) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(46) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(47) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(48) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(49) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(50) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(51) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(52) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(53) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(54) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(55) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(56) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(57) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(58) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(59) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(60) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(61) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(62) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(63) = 13.

The function DES-SBOX2 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 7).

(Def. 7) (DES-SBOX2)(0) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(1) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(2) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(3) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(4) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(5) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(6) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(7) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(8) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(9) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(10) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(11) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(12) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(13) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(14) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(15) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(16) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(17) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(18) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(19) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(20) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(21) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(22) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(23) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(24) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(25) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(26) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(27) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(28) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(29) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(30) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(31) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(32) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(33) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(34) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(35) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(36) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(37) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(38) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(39) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(40) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(41) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(42) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(43) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(44) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(45) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(46) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(47) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(48) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(49) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(50) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(51) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(52) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(53) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(54) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(55) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(56) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(57) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(58) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(59) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(60) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(61) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(62) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(63) = 9.

The function DES-SBOX3 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 8).

(Def. 8) $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(0) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(1) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(2) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(3) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(4) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(5) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(6) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(7) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(8) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(9) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(10) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(11) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(12) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(13) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(14) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(15) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(16) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(17) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(18) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(19) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(20) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(21) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(22) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(23) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(24) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(25) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(26) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(27) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(28) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(29) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(30) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(31) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(32) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(33) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(34) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(35) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(36) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(37) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(38) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(39) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(40) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(41) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(42) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(43) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(44) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(45) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(46) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(47) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(48) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(49) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(50) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(51) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(52) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(53) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(54) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(55) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(56) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(57) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(58) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(59) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(60) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(61) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(62) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(63) = 12$.

The function DES-SBOX4 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 9).

(Def. 9) $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(0) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(1) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(2) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(3) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(4) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(5) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(6) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(7) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(8) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(9) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(10) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(11) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(12) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(13) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(14) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(15) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(16) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(17) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(18) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(19) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(20) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(21) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(22) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(23) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(24) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(25) = 7$

and (DES-SBOX4)(26) = 2 and (DES-SBOX4)(27) = 12 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(28) = 1 and (DES-SBOX4)(29) = 10 and (DES-SBOX4)(30) =
 14 and (DES-SBOX4)(31) = 9 and (DES-SBOX4)(32) = 10
 and (DES-SBOX4)(33) = 6 and (DES-SBOX4)(34) = 9 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(35) = 0 and (DES-SBOX4)(36) = 12 and (DES-SBOX4)(37) =
 11 and (DES-SBOX4)(38) = 7 and (DES-SBOX4)(39) = 13
 and (DES-SBOX4)(40) = 15 and (DES-SBOX4)(41) = 1 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(42) = 3 and (DES-SBOX4)(43) = 14 and (DES-SBOX4)(44) =
 5 and (DES-SBOX4)(45) = 2 and (DES-SBOX4)(46) = 8
 and (DES-SBOX4)(47) = 4 and (DES-SBOX4)(48) = 3 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(49) = 15 and (DES-SBOX4)(50) = 0 and (DES-SBOX4)(51) =
 6 and (DES-SBOX4)(52) = 10 and (DES-SBOX4)(53) = 1
 and (DES-SBOX4)(54) = 13 and (DES-SBOX4)(55) = 8 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(56) = 9 and (DES-SBOX4)(57) = 4 and (DES-SBOX4)(58) =
 5 and (DES-SBOX4)(59) = 11 and (DES-SBOX4)(60) = 12
 and (DES-SBOX4)(61) = 7 and (DES-SBOX4)(62) = 2 and
 (DES-SBOX4)(63) = 14.

The function DES-SBOX5 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions
 (Def. 10).

(Def. 10) (DES-SBOX5)(0) = 2 and (DES-SBOX5)(1) = 12 and (DES-SBOX5)(2) =
 4 and (DES-SBOX5)(3) = 1 and (DES-SBOX5)(4) = 7 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(5) = 10 and (DES-SBOX5)(6) = 11 and (DES-SBOX5)(7) =
 6 and (DES-SBOX5)(8) = 8 and (DES-SBOX5)(9) = 5 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(10) = 3 and (DES-SBOX5)(11) = 15 and (DES-SBOX5)(12) =
 13 and (DES-SBOX5)(13) = 0 and (DES-SBOX5)(14) = 14
 and (DES-SBOX5)(15) = 9 and (DES-SBOX5)(16) = 14 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(17) = 11 and (DES-SBOX5)(18) = 2 and (DES-SBOX5)(19) =
 12 and (DES-SBOX5)(20) = 4 and (DES-SBOX5)(21) = 7
 and (DES-SBOX5)(22) = 13 and (DES-SBOX5)(23) = 1 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(24) = 5 and (DES-SBOX5)(25) = 0 and (DES-SBOX5)(26) =
 15 and (DES-SBOX5)(27) = 10 and (DES-SBOX5)(28) = 3
 and (DES-SBOX5)(29) = 9 and (DES-SBOX5)(30) = 8 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(31) = 6 and (DES-SBOX5)(32) = 4 and (DES-SBOX5)(33) =
 2 and (DES-SBOX5)(34) = 1 and (DES-SBOX5)(35) = 11
 and (DES-SBOX5)(36) = 10 and (DES-SBOX5)(37) = 13
 and (DES-SBOX5)(38) = 7 and (DES-SBOX5)(39) = 8 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(40) = 15 and (DES-SBOX5)(41) = 9 and (DES-SBOX5)(42) =
 12 and (DES-SBOX5)(43) = 5 and (DES-SBOX5)(44) = 6
 and (DES-SBOX5)(45) = 3 and (DES-SBOX5)(46) = 0 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(47) = 14 and (DES-SBOX5)(48) = 11 and
 (DES-SBOX5)(49) = 8 and (DES-SBOX5)(50) = 12 and (DES-SBOX5)(51) =

7 and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(52) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(53) = 14$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(54) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(55) = 13$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(56) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(57) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(58) =$
 0 and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(59) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(60) = 10$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(61) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(62) = 5$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(63) = 3$.

The function DES-SBOX6 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions
 (Def. 11).

(Def. 11) $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(0) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(1) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(2) =$
 10 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(3) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(4) = 9$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(5) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(6) = 6$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(7) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(8) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(9) =$
 13 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(10) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(11) = 4$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(12) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(13) = 7$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(14) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(15) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(16) =$
 10 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(17) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(18) = 4$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(19) = 2$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(20) = 7$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(21) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(22) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(23) =$
 5 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(24) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(25) = 1$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(26) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(27) = 14$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(28) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(29) = 11$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(30) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(31) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(32) =$
 9 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(33) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(34) = 15$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(35) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(36) = 2$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(37) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(38) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(39) =$
 3 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(40) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(41) = 0$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(42) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(43) = 10$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(44) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(45) = 13$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(46) =$
 11 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(47) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(48) = 4$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(49) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(50) = 2$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(51) = 12$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(52) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(53) =$
 5 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(54) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(55) = 10$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(56) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(57) = 14$
 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(58) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(59) = 7$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(60) = 6$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(61) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(62) =$
 8 and $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(63) = 13$.

The function DES-SBOX7 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions
 (Def. 12).

(Def. 12) $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(0) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(1) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(2) =$
 2 and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(3) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(4) = 15$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(5) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(6) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(7) =$

13 and (DES-SBOX7)(8) = 3 and (DES-SBOX7)(9) = 12
 and (DES-SBOX7)(10) = 9 and (DES-SBOX7)(11) = 7 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(12) = 5 and (DES-SBOX7)(13) = 10 and (DES-SBOX7)(14) =
 6 and (DES-SBOX7)(15) = 1 and (DES-SBOX7)(16) = 13
 and (DES-SBOX7)(17) = 0 and (DES-SBOX7)(18) = 11 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(19) = 7 and (DES-SBOX7)(20) = 4 and (DES-SBOX7)(21) =
 9 and (DES-SBOX7)(22) = 1 and (DES-SBOX7)(23) = 10
 and (DES-SBOX7)(24) = 14 and (DES-SBOX7)(25) = 3 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(26) = 5 and (DES-SBOX7)(27) = 12 and (DES-SBOX7)(28) =
 2 and (DES-SBOX7)(29) = 15 and (DES-SBOX7)(30) = 8
 and (DES-SBOX7)(31) = 6 and (DES-SBOX7)(32) = 1 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(33) = 4 and (DES-SBOX7)(34) = 11 and (DES-SBOX7)(35) =
 13 and (DES-SBOX7)(36) = 12 and (DES-SBOX7)(37) = 3
 and (DES-SBOX7)(38) = 7 and (DES-SBOX7)(39) = 14 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(40) = 10 and (DES-SBOX7)(41) = 15 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(42) = 6 and (DES-SBOX7)(43) = 8 and (DES-SBOX7)(44) =
 0 and (DES-SBOX7)(45) = 5 and (DES-SBOX7)(46) = 9
 and (DES-SBOX7)(47) = 2 and (DES-SBOX7)(48) = 6 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(49) = 11 and (DES-SBOX7)(50) = 13 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(51) = 8 and (DES-SBOX7)(52) = 1 and (DES-SBOX7)(53) =
 4 and (DES-SBOX7)(54) = 10 and (DES-SBOX7)(55) = 7
 and (DES-SBOX7)(56) = 9 and (DES-SBOX7)(57) = 5 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(58) = 0 and (DES-SBOX7)(59) = 15 and (DES-SBOX7)(60) =
 14 and (DES-SBOX7)(61) = 2 and (DES-SBOX7)(62) = 3 and
 (DES-SBOX7)(63) = 12.

The function DES-SBOX8 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions
 (Def. 13).

(Def. 13) (DES-SBOX8)(0) = 13 and (DES-SBOX8)(1) = 2 and (DES-SBOX8)(2) =
 8 and (DES-SBOX8)(3) = 4 and (DES-SBOX8)(4) = 6 and
 (DES-SBOX8)(5) = 15 and (DES-SBOX8)(6) = 11 and (DES-SBOX8)(7) =
 1 and (DES-SBOX8)(8) = 10 and (DES-SBOX8)(9) = 9
 and (DES-SBOX8)(10) = 3 and (DES-SBOX8)(11) = 14 and
 (DES-SBOX8)(12) = 5 and (DES-SBOX8)(13) = 0 and (DES-SBOX8)(14) =
 12 and (DES-SBOX8)(15) = 7 and (DES-SBOX8)(16) = 1
 and (DES-SBOX8)(17) = 15 and (DES-SBOX8)(18) = 13
 and (DES-SBOX8)(19) = 8 and (DES-SBOX8)(20) = 10 and
 (DES-SBOX8)(21) = 3 and (DES-SBOX8)(22) = 7 and (DES-SBOX8)(23) =
 4 and (DES-SBOX8)(24) = 12 and (DES-SBOX8)(25) = 5
 and (DES-SBOX8)(26) = 5 and (DES-SBOX8)(27) = 11 and
 (DES-SBOX8)(28) = 0 and (DES-SBOX8)(29) = 14 and (DES-SBOX8)(30) =
 9 and (DES-SBOX8)(31) = 2 and (DES-SBOX8)(32) = 7

and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(33) = 11$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(34) = 4$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(35) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(36) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(37) =$
 12 and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(38) = 14$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(39) = 2$
and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(40) = 0$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(41) = 6$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(42) = 10$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(43) = 13$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(44) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(45) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(46) =$
 5 and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(47) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(48) = 2$
and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(49) = 1$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(50) = 14$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(51) = 7$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(52) = 4$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(53) =$
 10 and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(54) = 8$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(55) = 13$
and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(56) = 15$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(57) = 12$
and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(58) = 9$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(59) = 0$ and
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(60) = 3$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(61) = 5$ and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(62) =$
 6 and $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(63) = 11$.

3. INITIAL PERMUTATION

Let r be an element of Boolean^{64} . The functor $\text{DES-IP } r$ yields an element of Boolean^{64} and is defined by the conditions (Def. 14).

(Def. 14) $(\text{DES-IP } r)(1) = r(58)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(2) = r(50)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(3) =$
 $r(42)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(4) = r(34)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(5) = r(26)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(6) = r(18)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(7) = r(10)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(8) = r(2)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(9) = r(60)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(10) =$
 $r(52)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(11) = r(44)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(12) = r(36)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(13) = r(28)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(14) = r(20)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(15) = r(12)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(16) = r(4)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(17) =$
 $r(62)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(18) = r(54)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(19) = r(46)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(20) = r(38)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(21) = r(30)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(22) = r(22)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(23) = r(14)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(24) =$
 $r(6)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(25) = r(64)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(26) = r(56)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(27) = r(48)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(28) = r(40)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(29) = r(32)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(30) = r(24)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(31) =$
 $r(16)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(32) = r(8)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(33) = r(57)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(34) = r(49)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(35) = r(41)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(36) = r(33)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(37) = r(25)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(38) =$
 $r(17)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(39) = r(9)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(40) = r(1)$
and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(41) = r(59)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(42) = r(51)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(43) = r(43)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(44) = r(35)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(45) =$
 $r(27)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(46) = r(19)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(47) = r(11)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(48) = r(3)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(49) = r(61)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(50) =$
 $r(53)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(51) = r(45)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(52) = r(37)$

and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(53) = r(29)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(54) = r(21)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(55) = r(13)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(56) = r(5)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(57) =$
 $r(63)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(58) = r(55)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(59) = r(47)$
 and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(60) = r(39)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(61) = r(31)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(62) = r(23)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(63) = r(15)$ and $(\text{DES-IP } r)(64) =$
 $r(7)$.

The function DES-PIP from Boolean^{64} into Boolean^{64} is defined by:

(Def. 15) For every element i of Boolean^{64} holds $(\text{DES-PIP})(i) = \text{DES-IP } i$.

Let r be an element of Boolean^{64} . The functor $\text{DES-IPINV } r$ yields an element of Boolean^{64} and is defined by the conditions (Def. 16).

(Def. 16) $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(1) = r(40)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(2) = r(8)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(3) = r(48)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(4) = r(16)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(5) = r(56)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(6) = r(24)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(7) = r(64)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(8) = r(32)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(9) = r(39)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(10) = r(7)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(11) = r(47)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(12) = r(15)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(13) = r(55)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(14) = r(23)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(15) = r(63)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(16) = r(31)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(17) = r(38)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(18) = r(6)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(19) = r(46)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(20) = r(14)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(21) = r(54)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(22) = r(22)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(23) = r(62)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(24) = r(30)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(25) = r(37)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(26) = r(5)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(27) = r(45)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(28) = r(13)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(29) = r(53)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(30) = r(21)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(31) = r(61)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(32) = r(29)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(33) = r(36)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(34) = r(4)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(35) = r(44)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(36) = r(12)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(37) = r(52)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(38) = r(20)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(39) = r(60)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(40) = r(28)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(41) = r(35)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(42) = r(3)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(43) = r(43)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(44) = r(11)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(45) = r(51)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(46) = r(19)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(47) = r(59)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(48) = r(27)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(49) = r(34)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(50) = r(2)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(51) = r(42)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(52) = r(10)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(53) = r(50)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(54) = r(18)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(55) = r(58)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(56) = r(26)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(57) = r(33)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(58) = r(1)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(59) = r(41)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(60) = r(9)$ and
 $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(61) = r(49)$ and $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(62) = r(17)$ and

$$(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(63) = r(57) \text{ and } (\text{DES-IPINV } r)(64) = r(25).$$

The function DES-PIPINV from Boolean^{64} into Boolean^{64} is defined by:

$$\text{(Def. 17)} \quad \text{For every element } i \text{ of } \text{Boolean}^{64} \text{ holds } (\text{DES-PIPINV})(i) = \text{DES-IPINV } i.$$

Let us note that DES-PIP is bijective.

Let us note that DES-PIPINV is bijective.

The following proposition is true

$$\text{(36)} \quad \text{DES-PIPINV} = (\text{DES-PIP})^{-1}.$$

4. FEISTEL FUNCTION

Let r be an element of Boolean^{32} . The functor DES- Er yielding an element of Boolean^{48} is defined by the conditions (Def. 18).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(Def. 18)} \quad & (\text{DES-}Er)(1) = r(32) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(2) = r(1) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(3) = r(2) \\ & \text{and } (\text{DES-}Er)(4) = r(3) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(5) = r(4) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(6) = \\ & r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(7) = r(4) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(8) = r(5) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(9) = r(6) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(10) = r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(11) = r(8) \\ & \text{and } (\text{DES-}Er)(12) = r(9) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(13) = r(8) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(14) = \\ & r(9) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(15) = r(10) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(16) = r(11) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(17) = r(12) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(18) = r(13) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(19) = \\ & r(12) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(20) = r(13) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(21) = r(14) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(22) = r(15) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(23) = r(16) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(24) = \\ & r(17) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(25) = r(16) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(26) = r(17) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(27) = r(18) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(28) = r(19) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(29) = \\ & r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(30) = r(21) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(31) = r(20) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(32) = r(21) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(33) = r(22) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(34) = \\ & r(23) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(35) = r(24) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(36) = r(25) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(37) = r(24) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(38) = r(25) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(39) = \\ & r(26) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(40) = r(27) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(41) = r(28) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(42) = r(29) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(43) = r(28) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(44) = \\ & r(29) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(45) = r(30) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(46) = r(31) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Er)(47) = r(32) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Er)(48) = r(1). \end{aligned}$$

Let r be an element of Boolean^{32} . The functor DES- Pr yielding an element of Boolean^{32} is defined by the conditions (Def. 19).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(Def. 19)} \quad & (\text{DES-}Pr)(1) = r(16) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(2) = r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(3) = \\ & r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(4) = r(21) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(5) = r(29) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Pr)(6) = r(12) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(7) = r(28) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(8) = \\ & r(17) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(9) = r(1) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(10) = r(15) \text{ and } \\ & (\text{DES-}Pr)(11) = r(23) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(12) = r(26) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(13) = \\ & r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(14) = r(18) \text{ and } (\text{DES-}Pr)(15) = r(31) \text{ and} \end{aligned}$$

$(\text{DES-Pr})(16) = r(10)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(17) = r(2)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(18) = r(8)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(19) = r(24)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(20) = r(14)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(21) = r(32)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(22) = r(27)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(23) = r(3)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(24) = r(9)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(25) = r(19)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(26) = r(13)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(27) = r(30)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(28) = r(6)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(29) = r(22)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(30) = r(11)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(31) = r(4)$ and $(\text{DES-Pr})(32) = r(25)$.

Let r be an element of Boolean^{48} . The functor $\text{DES-DIV8 } r$ yielding an element of $(\text{Boolean}^6)^8$ is defined by the conditions (Def. 20).

(Def. 20) $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(1) = \text{Op-Left}(r, 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(2) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 6), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(3) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 12), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(4) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 18), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(5) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 24), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(6) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 30), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(7) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 36), 6)$ and $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(8) = \text{Op-Right}(r, 42)$.

Next we state the proposition

(37) Let r be an element of Boolean^{48} . Then there exist elements $s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6, s_7, s_8$ of Boolean^6 such that $s_1 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(1)$ and $s_2 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(2)$ and $s_3 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(3)$ and $s_4 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(4)$ and $s_5 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(5)$ and $s_6 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(6)$ and $s_7 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(7)$ and $s_8 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(8)$ and $r = s_1 \wedge s_2 \wedge s_3 \wedge s_4 \wedge s_5 \wedge s_6 \wedge s_7 \wedge s_8$.

Let t be an element of Boolean^6 . The functor $\text{B6toN64 } t$ yielding an element of 64 is defined by:

(Def. 21) $\text{B6toN64 } t = 32 \cdot t(1) + 16 \cdot t(6) + 8 \cdot t(2) + 4 \cdot t(3) + 2 \cdot t(4) + 1 \cdot t(5)$.

The function N16toB4 from 16 into Boolean^4 is defined by the conditions (Def. 22).

(Def. 22) $(\text{N16toB4})(0) = \langle 0, 0, 0, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(1) = \langle 0, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(2) = \langle 0, 0, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(3) = \langle 0, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(4) = \langle 0, 1, 0, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(5) = \langle 0, 1, 0, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(6) = \langle 0, 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(7) = \langle 0, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(8) = \langle 1, 0, 0, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(9) = \langle 1, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(10) = \langle 1, 0, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(11) = \langle 1, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(12) = \langle 1, 1, 0, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(13) = \langle 1, 1, 0, 1 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(14) = \langle 1, 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $(\text{N16toB4})(15) = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$.

Let R be an element of Boolean^{32} and let R_2 be an element of Boolean^{48} . The functor $\text{DES-F}(R, R_2)$ yields an element of Boolean^{32} and is defined by the condition (Def. 23).

(Def. 23) There exist elements $D_1, D_2, D_3, D_4, D_5, D_6, D_7, D_8$ of Boolean^6 and

there exist elements $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8$ of $Boolean^4$ and there exists an element C_{32} of $Boolean^{32}$ such that

$$\begin{aligned}
D_1 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(1) \text{ and} \\
D_2 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(2) \text{ and} \\
D_3 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(3) \text{ and} \\
D_4 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(4) \text{ and} \\
D_5 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(5) \text{ and} \\
D_6 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(6) \text{ and} \\
D_7 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(7) \text{ and} \\
D_8 &= (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(8) \text{ and} \\
\text{Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2) &= D_1 \wedge D_2 \wedge D_3 \wedge D_4 \wedge D_5 \wedge D_6 \wedge D_7 \wedge D_8 \text{ and} \\
x_1 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX1})(\text{B6toN64 } D_1)) \text{ and} \\
x_2 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX2})(\text{B6toN64 } D_2)) \text{ and} \\
x_3 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX3})(\text{B6toN64 } D_3)) \text{ and} \\
x_4 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX4})(\text{B6toN64 } D_4)) \text{ and} \\
x_5 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX5})(\text{B6toN64 } D_5)) \text{ and} \\
x_6 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX6})(\text{B6toN64 } D_6)) \text{ and} \\
x_7 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX7})(\text{B6toN64 } D_7)) \text{ and} \\
x_8 &= (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX8})(\text{B6toN64 } D_8)) \text{ and} \\
C_{32} &= x_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3 \wedge x_4 \wedge x_5 \wedge x_6 \wedge x_7 \wedge x_8 \text{ and} \\
\text{DES-F}(R, R_2) &= \text{DES-P } C_{32}.
\end{aligned}$$

The function DES-FFUNC from $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$ into $Boolean^{32}$ is defined as follows:

(Def. 24) For every element z of $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$ holds $(\text{DES-FFUNC})(z) = \text{DES-F}(z_1, z_2)$.

5. KEY SCHEDULE

Let r be an element of $Boolean^{64}$. The functor $\text{DES-PC1 } r$ yields an element of $Boolean^{56}$ and is defined by the conditions (Def. 25).

(Def. 25) $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(1) = r(57)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(2) = r(49)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(3) = r(41)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(4) = r(33)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(5) = r(25)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(6) = r(17)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(7) = r(9)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(8) = r(1)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(9) = r(58)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(10) = r(50)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(11) = r(42)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(12) = r(34)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(13) = r(26)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(14) = r(18)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(15) = r(10)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(16) = r(2)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(17) = r(59)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(18) = r(51)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(19) = r(43)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(20) = r(35)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(21) = r(27)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(22) = r(19)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(23) = r(11)$ and
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(24) = r(3)$ and $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(25) = r(60)$ and

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(26) &= r(52) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(27) = r(44) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(28) &= r(36) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(29) = r(63) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(30) &= r(55) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(31) = r(47) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(32) &= r(39) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(33) = r(31) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(34) &= r(23) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(35) = r(15) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(36) &= r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(37) = r(62) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(38) &= r(54) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(39) = r(46) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(40) &= r(38) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(41) = r(30) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(42) &= r(22) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(43) = r(14) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(44) &= r(6) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(45) = r(61) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(46) &= r(53) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(47) = r(45) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(48) &= r(37) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(49) = r(29) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(50) &= r(21) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(51) = r(13) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(52) &= r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(53) = r(28) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(54) &= r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(55) = r(12) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(56) &= r(4).
 \end{aligned}$$

Let r be an element of Boolean^{56} . The functor $\text{DES-PC2 } r$ yielding an element of Boolean^{48} is defined by the conditions (Def. 26).

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{Def. 26}) \quad (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(1) &= r(14) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(2) = r(17) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(3) &= r(11) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(4) = r(24) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(5) &= r(1) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(6) = r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(7) = \\
 r(3) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(8) &= r(28) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(9) = r(15) \\
 \text{and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(10) &= r(6) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(11) = r(21) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(12) &= r(10) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(13) = r(23) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(14) &= r(19) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(15) = r(12) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(16) &= r(4) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(17) = r(26) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(18) &= r(8) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(19) = r(16) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(20) &= r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(21) = r(27) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(22) &= r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(23) = r(13) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(24) &= r(2) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(25) = r(41) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(26) &= r(52) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(27) = r(31) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(28) &= r(37) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(29) = r(47) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(30) &= r(55) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(31) = r(30) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(32) &= r(40) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(33) = r(51) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(34) &= r(45) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(35) = r(33) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(36) &= r(48) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(37) = r(44) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(38) &= r(49) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(39) = r(39) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(40) &= r(56) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(41) = r(34) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(42) &= r(53) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(43) = r(46) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(44) &= r(42) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(45) = r(50) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(46) &= r(36) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(47) = r(29) \text{ and}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(\text{DES-PC2 } r)(48) = r(32).$$

The finite sequence $\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}}$ of elements of \mathbb{N} is defined by the conditions (Def. 27).

- (Def. 27) $\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}}$ is 16-element and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(1) = 1$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(2) = 1$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(3) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(4) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(5) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(6) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(7) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(8) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(9) = 1$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(10) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(11) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(12) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(13) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(14) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(15) = 2$ and $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(16) = 1$.

Let K_1 be an element of Boolean^{64} . The functor $\text{DES-KS } K_1$ yielding an element of $(\text{Boolean}^{48})^{16}$ is defined by the condition (Def. 28).

- (Def. 28) There exist sequences C, D of Boolean^{28} such that
- (i) $C(0) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{DES-PC1 } K_1, 28)$,
 - (ii) $D(0) = \text{Op-Right}(\text{DES-PC1 } K_1, 28)$, and
 - (iii) for every element i of \mathbb{N} such that $0 \leq i \leq 15$ holds $(\text{DES-KS } K_1)(i+1) = \text{DES-PC2}(C(i+1) \wedge D(i+1))$ and $C(i+1) = \text{Op-Shift}(C(i), (\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(i))$ and $D(i+1) = \text{Op-Shift}(D(i), (\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(i))$.

6. ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION

Let n, m, k be non empty elements of \mathbb{N} , let R_1 be an element of $(\text{Boolean}^m)^k$, let F be a function from $\text{Boolean}^n \times \text{Boolean}^m$ into Boolean^n , let I_1 be a permutation of $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$, and let M be an element of $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$. The functor $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1)$ yields an element of $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$ and is defined by the condition (Def. 29).

- (Def. 29) There exist sequences L, R of Boolean^n such that
- (i) $L(0) = \text{SP-Left } I_1(M)$,
 - (ii) $R(0) = \text{SP-Right } I_1(M)$,
 - (iii) for every element i of \mathbb{N} such that $0 \leq i \leq k-1$ holds $L(i+1) = R(i)$ and $R(i+1) = \text{Op-XOR}(L(i), F(R(i), (R_1)_{i+1}))$, and
 - (iv) $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1) = I_1^{-1}(R(k) \wedge L(k))$.

The following proposition is true

- (38) Let n, m, k be non empty elements of \mathbb{N} , R_1 be an element of $(\text{Boolean}^m)^k$, F be a function from $\text{Boolean}^n \times \text{Boolean}^m$ into Boolean^n , I_1 be a permutation of $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$, and M be an element of $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$. Then $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1), F, I_1, \text{Rev}(R_1)) = M$.

Let R_1 be an element of $(\text{Boolean}^{48})^{16}$, let F be a function from $\text{Boolean}^{32} \times \text{Boolean}^{48}$ into Boolean^{32} , let I_1 be a permutation of Boolean^{64} , and let M be an

element of $Boolean^{64}$. The functor $DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1)$ yielding an element of $Boolean^{64}$ is defined by:

- (Def. 30) There exists a permutation I_2 of $Boolean^{2 \cdot 32}$ and there exists an element M_1 of $Boolean^{2 \cdot 32}$ such that $I_2 = I_1$ and $M_1 = M$ and $DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1) = DES-like-CoDec(M_1, F, I_2, R_1)$.

The following proposition is true

- (39) Let R_1 be an element of $(Boolean^{48})^{16}$, F be a function from $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$ into $Boolean^{32}$, I_1 be a permutation of $Boolean^{64}$, and M be an element of $Boolean^{64}$.

Then $DES-CoDec(DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1), F, I_1, Rev(R_1)) = M$.

Let p_1, s_9 be elements of $Boolean^{64}$. The functor $DES-ENC(p_1, s_9)$ yields an element of $Boolean^{64}$ and is defined by:

- (Def. 31) $DES-ENC(p_1, s_9) = DES-CoDec(p_1, DES-FFUNC, DES-PIP, DES-KS s_9)$.

Let c_1, s_9 be elements of $Boolean^{64}$. The functor $DES-DEC(c_1, s_9)$ yields an element of $Boolean^{64}$ and is defined as follows:

- (Def. 32) $DES-DEC(c_1, s_9) =$
 $DES-CoDec(c_1, DES-FFUNC, DES-PIP, Rev(DES-KS s_9))$.

The following proposition is true

- (40) For all elements m_1, s_9 of $Boolean^{64}$ holds
 $DES-DEC(DES-ENC(m_1, s_9), s_9) = m_1$.

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